Amendments to the Claims:

Listing of the claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Please amend claims 8-14 so that the current status of all claims is as follows:

V. (Original) A method of detecting a disc defect comprising the steps of:
writing a first data track to the disc with a write head including a write element
and a thermal asperity detector;

detecting magnetic defects on the first data track with a certification head; and scanning the first data track for thermal asperities with the thermal asperity detector.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further including the steps of: writing a second data track to the disc; detecting magnetic defects on the second data track; and scanning the second data track for thermal asperities.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, further including the step of:
 upon locating a thermal asperity during the step of scanning, writing a burst
 pattern to the disc in a location where a thermal asperity is detected wherein the burst
 pattern is detectable in further analysis of the disc.
- 4. (Original) A method of detecting magnetic and thermal asperities on a disc comprising the steps of:

writing a first data stream to a first wide track on the disc with a write head located on a write head;

reading the first data stream on a first portion of the first wide track for magnetic defects with a read element located on a certifier head; and

scanning the first wide track for thermal asperities with a thermal asperity detector located on the write head.

5. (Original) The method of claim 4, further including the steps of:
writing a second data stream to a second wide track on the disc with the write element:

reading the second data stream on a second portion of the second wide track for magnetic defects with the certifier head; and

scanning the second wide track for thermal asperities with the thermal asperity detector.

- 6. (Original) The method of claim 4, further including the step of:
 upon locating a thermal asperity during the step of scanning, writing a burst
 pattern to the disc in a location where a thermal asperity is detected wherein the burst
 pattern is detectable in further analysis of the disc.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 4, further including the step of: stopping writing of the first data stream on the first wide track while reading the first data stream on a portion of first wide write track.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A testing system comprising:
 a disc drive having a spindle on which a disc can be mounted and motor for rotating the disc; and

means for detecting thermal asperities and magnetic defects

a write head including a write element and a thermal asperity detector for writing

a first data track to a disc; and

a certification head for detecting magnetic defects on the first data track;
wherein the thermal asperity detector simultaneously scans the first data track for thermal asperities while the certification head detects for magnetic defects.

- 9. (Currently Amended) The testing system of claim 8, wherein the means fordetecting thermal asperities thermal asperity detector is fabricated from magnetic material.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The testing system of claim 8, wherein the means for detecting thermal asperities thermal asperity detector is fabricated from nickel.
- 11. (Currently Amended) The testing system of claim 8, wherein the means for detecting thermal asperities thermal asperity detector is fabricated from a material picked from a group consisting of nickel, beryllium and nickel-iron.
- 12. (Currently Amended) The testing system of claim 8, wherein the means for detecting thermal asperities thermal asperity detector has a width ranging from 10 microns to 100 microns.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A testing system for detecting thermal asperities and magnetic defects on a disc comprising:
- a write head including a write element, the write head located on a first support arm wherein the write element is activated to write a track onto the disc during a first period;
- a thermal asperity detector, <u>included in the write head</u>, wherein the asperity detector is activated to detect asperities during a second period; and
- a read head located on a second support arm wherein the read head is positioned to read certify the track written by the write element during the second period.

14. (Currently Amended) A testing system for detecting thermal asperities and magnetic defects on a disc comprising:

a write head including a write element and a thermal asperity detector, the write head located on a first support arm wherein the write element is activated to write a track onto the disc during a first period and the asperity detector is activated to detect asperities during a second period; and

a read head located on a second support arm wherein the read head is positioned to read certify the track written by the write element during the second period.

- 15. (Original) The testing system of claim 14 wherein the thermal asperity detector is fabricated from a non-magnetic material.
- 16. (Original) The testing system of claim 14 wherein the thermal asperity detector is fabricated from a material picked from a group consisting of nickel, beryllium and nickel-iron.
- 17. (Original) The testing system of claim 14 wherein the thermal asperity detector has a width ranging from about 10 microns to 100 microns.
- 18. (Original) The testing system of claim 14, wherein the thermal asperity detector is fabricated from nickel.
- 19. (Original) The testing system of claim 14, wherein the width of the write head is from about 20 microns to 100 microns.
- 20. (Original) The testing system of claim 17, wherein the width of the write head is about 75 microns.
- 21. (Original) The testing system of claim 14, wherein the write element has a first width and the read element has a second width and a ratio of the first width to the second width is from 2 to 11.